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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/520,383	01/04/2005	Edmund Coersmeier	NOKIA.1023US	5137
	7590 08/17/2007 ALIFR ESO	EXAMINER		
ROBERT M BAUER, ESQ. LACKENBACH SIEGEL, LLP			SINGH, HIRDEPAL	
1 CHASE ROA SCARSDALE,			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
·,			2611	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/17/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/520,383	COERSMEIER, EDMUND			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Hirdepal Singh	2611			
Period fe	The MAILING DATE of this communication Reply	on appears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR INCHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILI INSIDENT OF THE MAILINS ON THE MONTHS from the mailing date of this community or period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the depatent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NG DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re tion. period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT y statute, cause the application to become AB A	ATION. ply be timely filed THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed or	04 January 2005.				
2a)	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice u	nder <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the applie	cation.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	•				
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are rejected.	•	·			
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	•				
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers	•				
9)🖂	The specification is objected to by the Ex	aminer.	·			
10)🛛	The drawing(s) filed on 04 January 2005	is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☒ ob	pjected to by the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection	to the drawing(s) be held in abeyand	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	•				
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by	the Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•				
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for f ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	oreign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f)			
	1. Certified copies of the priority doc	uments have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority doc	uments have been received in Ap	oplication No			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the	e priority documents have been	received in this National Stage			
	application from the International I					
*	See the attached detailed Office action for	r a list of the certified copies not i	eceived.			
	•					
Attachme	nt(s)	<u> </u>				
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9		ummary (PTO-413) )/Mail Date			
3) 🛛 Info	rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of In	formal Patent Application			
Pap	er No(s)/Mail Date <u>1/4/05.2/22/05.10/25/06</u> .	6)	<b>_</b> ·			

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This action is in response to the filing date of January 04, 2005. Claims 1-15 are pending and have been considered below.

# **Drawings**

2. The drawing figures 1, 2A, 2B and 3 are objected to because there are no labels for any of the blocks. These blocks need to have descriptive labels under 37 CFR 1.84(n) and 1.84(o). For example, "IF circuit, and pre-equalizer" may be used for the labels of blocks 10 and 15 respectively.

## Specification

3. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: on page 4 of the specification lines 30-31 refers to "... a controllable second oscillator 54." however the second oscillator connected to the mixer 40 is marked as block no. 45 (instead of 54) in figure 1. It seems like a typographical error.

Appropriate correction is required.

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 5. Claims 1, 2, 4-8 and 11-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Wright et al. (US 6,313,703).

# Regarding Claims 1 and 11:

Wright et al discloses a method of pre-equalizing a transmission characteristic of a signal processing circuitry by introducing a pre-distortion of the signal, comprising:

- obtaining a difference between an output signal of said signal processing circuitry
   and an input signal of an pre-equalizing function (figure 20);
- approximating a gradient of said difference based on said obtained difference and an approximation of said transmission characteristic (column 21, lines 15-20); and
- updating control values of said equalizing function (column 4, lines 38-42; column
   9, lines 5-11) based on said approximated gradient.

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Regarding Claim 2:

Wright et al discloses all of the subject matter as described above and further discloses calculating an approximation of a least mean square gradient vector (column

23, lines 62-65) of said difference.

Regarding Claims 4 and 12:

Wright et al discloses all of the subject matter as described above and further discloses

the difference or error is obtained by comparing signal envelopes of said output and

input signals (figures 20 and 221; column 31, lines 35-42).

Regarding Claim 5:

Wright et al discloses all of the subject matter as described above and further

discloses input signal is a digital signal and said output signal is an analog signal (12

and 18 in figure 2; column 4, lines 10-16).

Regarding Claim 6:

Wright et al discloses all of the subject matter as described above and further

discloses the control values are coefficients of an adaptive digital filter (92, 93 in figure 9

are digital filters; figure 10A shows coefficients of filters).

Regarding Claim 7:

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Wright et al discloses all of the subject matter as described above and further discloses the transmission characteristic is approximated as a delay function (as clearly shown if figure 13 which is block 28 of figure 2; column 22, lines 50-62, where the signal values are filled in memory to hold i.e. delayed before further processing).

### Regarding Claim 8:

Wright et al discloses all of the subject matter as described above and further discloses the delay function corresponds to the position of the maximum analog filter peak of said transmission characteristic (column 25, lines 30-34).

### Regarding Claim 13:

Wright et al discloses all of the subject matter as described above and further discloses calculating an approximation of a least mean square gradient vector (column 23, lines 62-65) of said difference and the transmission characteristic is approximated as a delay function (as clearly shown if figure 13 which is block 28 of figure 2; column 22, lines 50-62, where the signal values are filled in memory to hold i.e. delayed before further processing).

# **Regarding Claim 14:**

Wright et al discloses all of the subject matter as described above and further discloses signal processing circuitry is a direct conversion (column 10, lines 15-22) or heterodyne transmitter architecture.

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### Regarding Claim 15:

Wright et al discloses all of the subject matter as described above and further discloses the apparatus comprises a digital pre-equalizer means (clearly shown in figure 2, the pre-equalizing means for pre distorting the signal is in the digital domain).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 3, 9 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wright et al. (US 6,313,703) as applied to claims 1, 2, 7 and 8 above, in view of Daniel et al. ("JOINT GRADIENT-BASED TIME DELAY ESIMATION AND ADAPTIVE FILTERING" IEEE CH2868; pages 3165-3169; 1990)

#### **Regarding Claim 3:**

Wright et al discloses all of the subject matter as described above except for specifically teaching the gradient vector is calculated from a partial differential equation of a system cost function.

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However, Daniel et al in the same field of endeavor discloses an adaptive filter using gradient based time delay estimation and further discloses that the gradient i.e. the function for updating the adaptation coefficients is in the form of a differential equation (page 3167, equations 24-26, 38-39)

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use the partial differential equation of system cost function to get the gradient vector for updating adaptation coefficients to take advantage of partial differential equations as they are used to formulate and solve problems that involve unknown functions of several variables as in this case the filter circuit characteristics, temperature changes and supply voltage. Using the partial differential equation to formulate the gradient based on the error value of input and output signals makes it easier to keep the adaptation means updated.

### Regarding Claim 9:

Wright et al discloses all of the subject matter as described above except for specifically teaching the gradient vector is calculated using the following equation:  $\nabla \{E\} = -2e[k]$ . d[k-x],

wherein  $\nabla\{E\}$  denotes said gradient vector, e[k] denotes said obtained difference, and d[k - x] denotes a vector representation of said input signal assessed by said delay approximation of said transmission characteristic.

However, Daniel et al in the same field of endeavor discloses an adaptive filter using gradient based time delay estimation where the filter coefficients are updated

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according to the equation E[Wn + 1] = E[ Wn] +  $2\mu$ E[e(n,dn) Un], where en is the error signal and Un is a delayed input vector (page 3167, equation 43). This equation can be written in the form of a gradient i.e. in the form of ratio of different variables where E [Wn + 1] - E [Wn] =  $2\mu$  E [e (n, dn) Un] and furthermore it can be shown that  $\nabla$  =  $2\mu$  en Un.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to update the adaptation values based on the gradient of the difference between output and input values where the input is a delayed function in order to make the adaptation coefficients which reflects the distortions and discrepancies in the filtering circuit when the error signal is compared to the delayed input signal.

### Regarding Claim 10:

Wright et al discloses all of the subject matter as described above except for specifically teaching the filter coefficients are updated in said updating step based on the following equation:

$$w[k + 1] = w[k] + \mu e[k] \cdot d[k - \tau],$$

wherein w[k + 1 ] denotes a vector representation of updated filter coefficients, w[k] denotes a vector representation of current filter coefficients, and  $\mu$  denotes a predetermined proportionality factor.

However, Daniel et al in the same field of endeavor discloses an adaptive filter using gradient based time delay estimation where the filter co-efficients are updated

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according to the equation  $w[n + 1] = w[n] + 2\mu e^*$  Un, where Un is a delayed input vector (page 3166, equation 20).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to update the adaptation coefficients based on the previous value and the error signal and the delayed input signal in order to make it easier for the system just to update the previous coefficients and not to determine the new ones as justy making the required changes in the previous value saves some extra calculation and time and makes the system less complex.

#### Conclusion

- 8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- a. Hsu et al (US 6,794,936) discloses a system for pre-equalization using adaptable means for predistortion.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hirdepal Singh whose telephone number is 571-270-1688. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri (Alternate Friday Off)8:00AM-5:00PMEST.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Shuwang Liu can be reached on 571-272-3036. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

HS August 15, 2007 Shuray lin

SHUWANG LIU SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER